

FIG. 1a

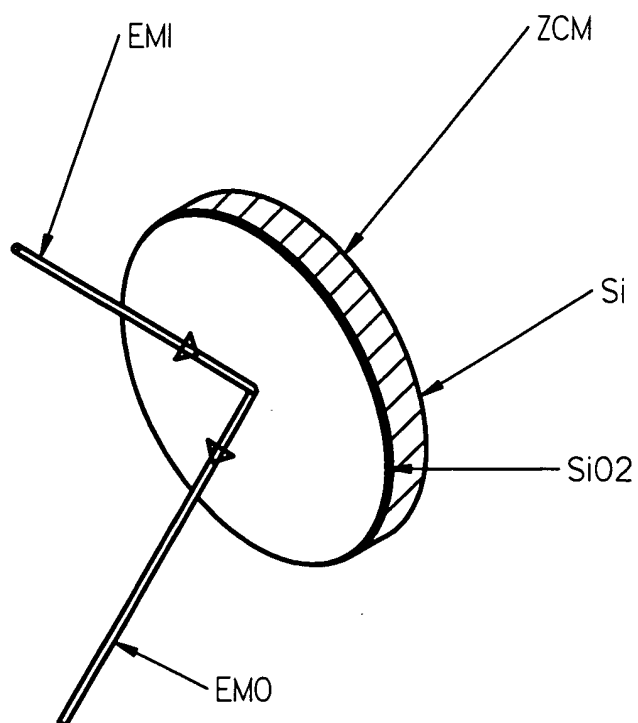


FIG. 1b

Spectrum of SE with and without 1200Å SiO₂/Si Mirror

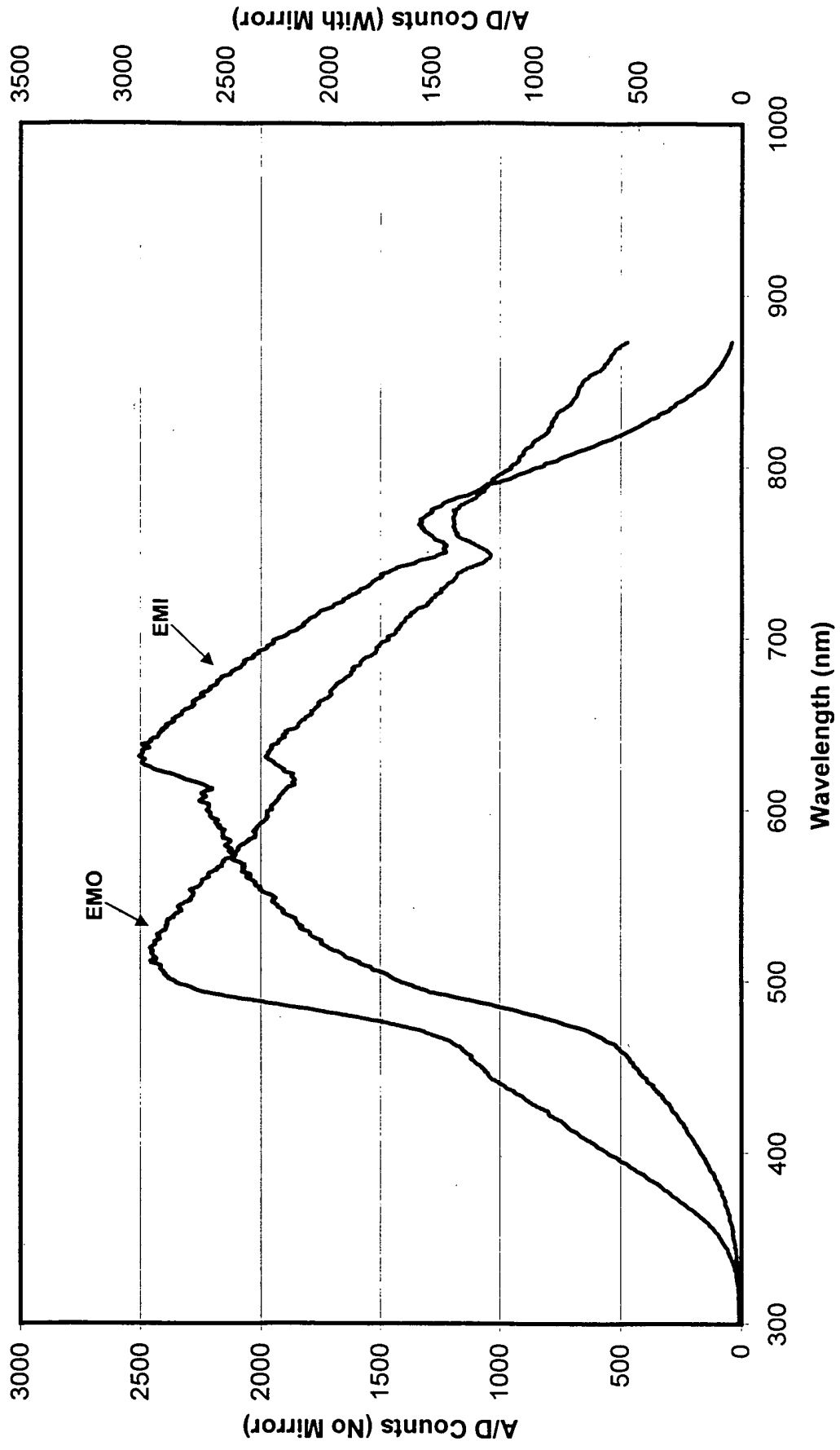


FIG. 2

p- and s- Reflectivity, 600Å SiO₂ on Si wafer @ 45° AOI

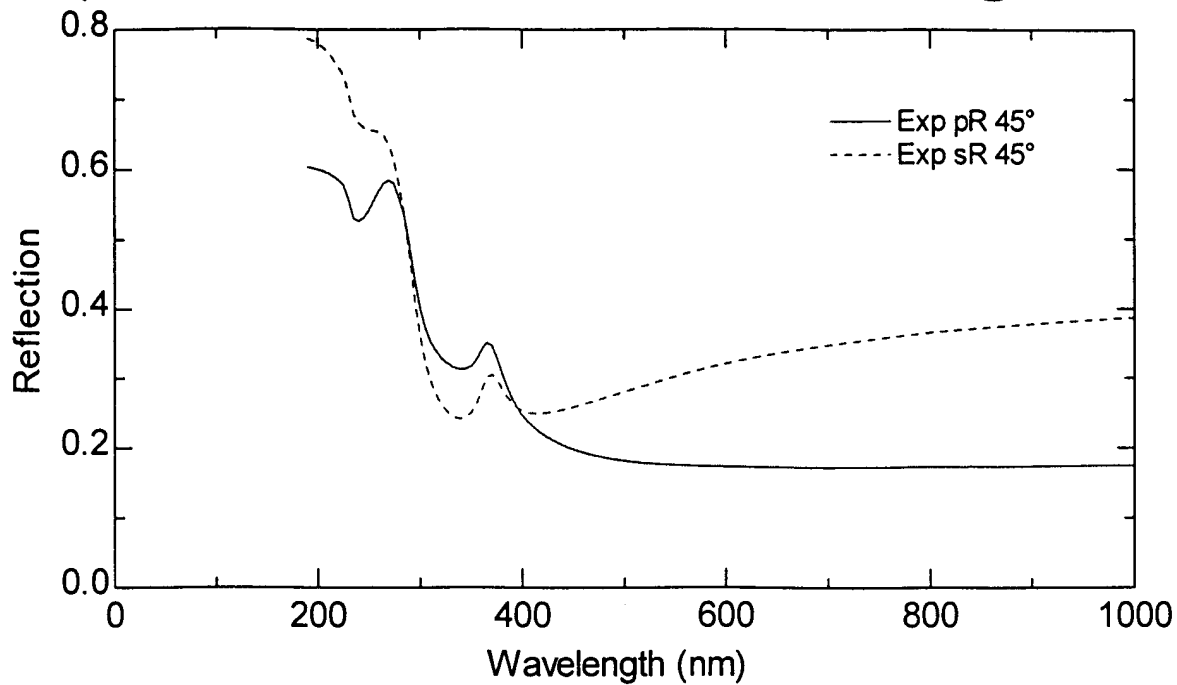


FIG.4

p- and s- Reflectivity, 1200Å SiO₂ on Si wafer @ 45° AOI

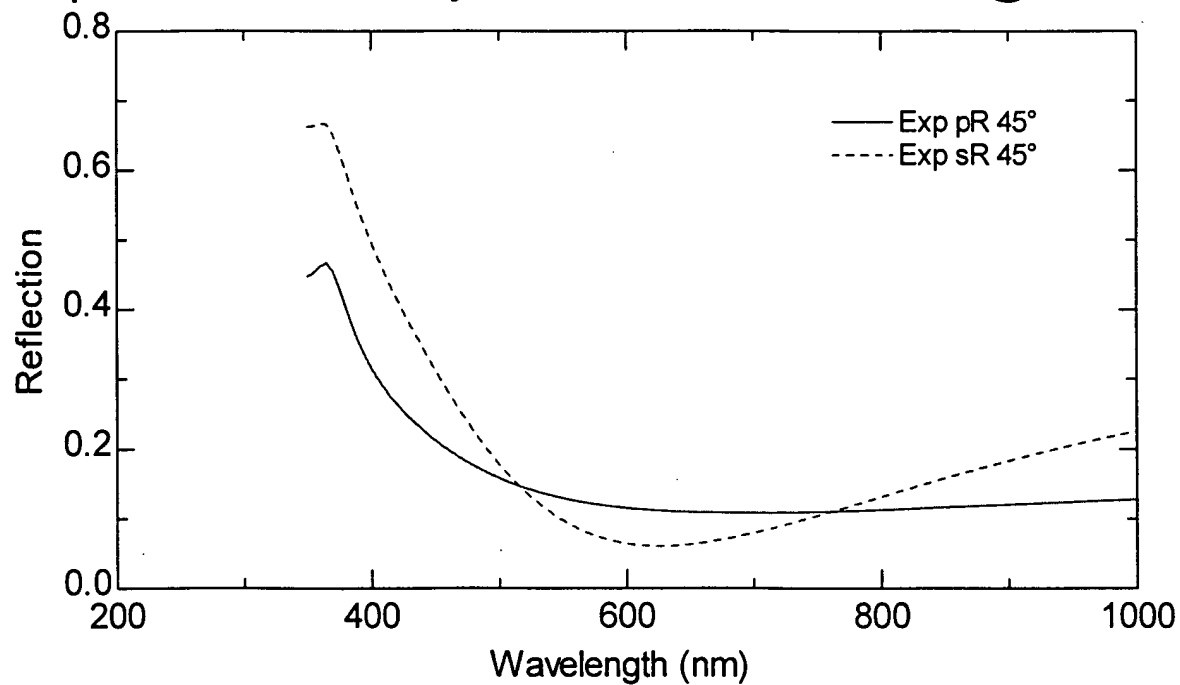


FIG. 3

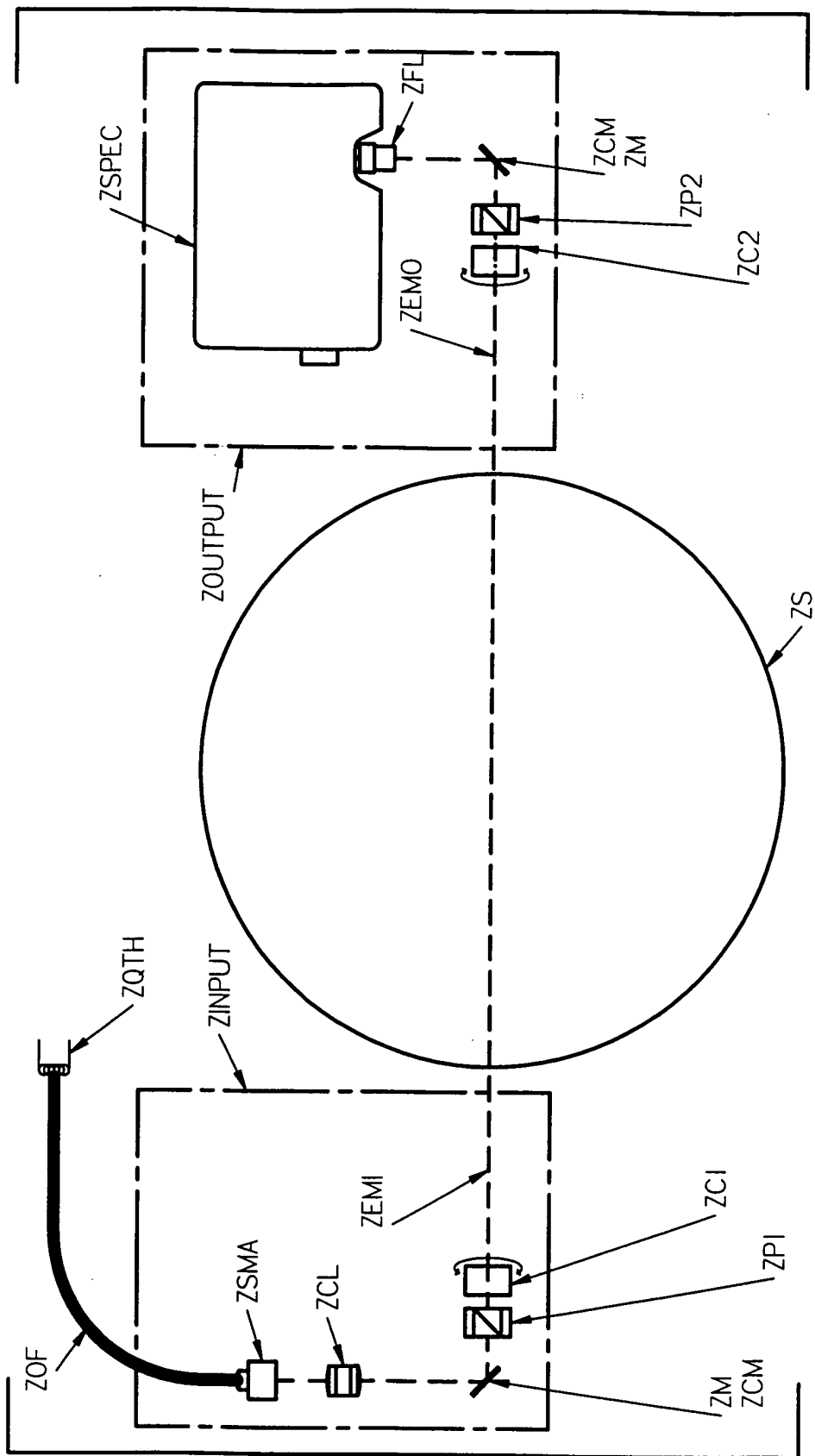


FIG. 5

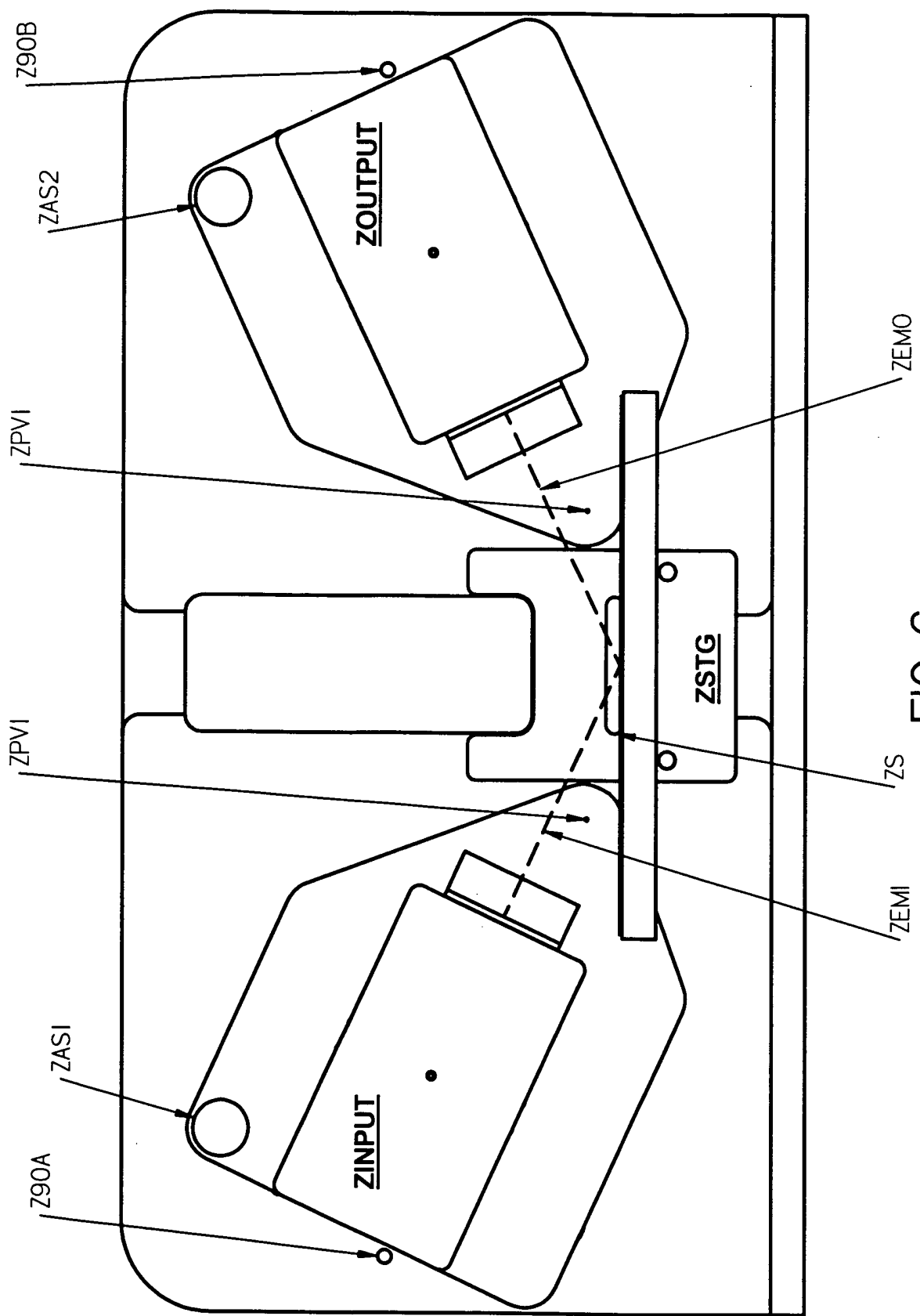


FIG. 6

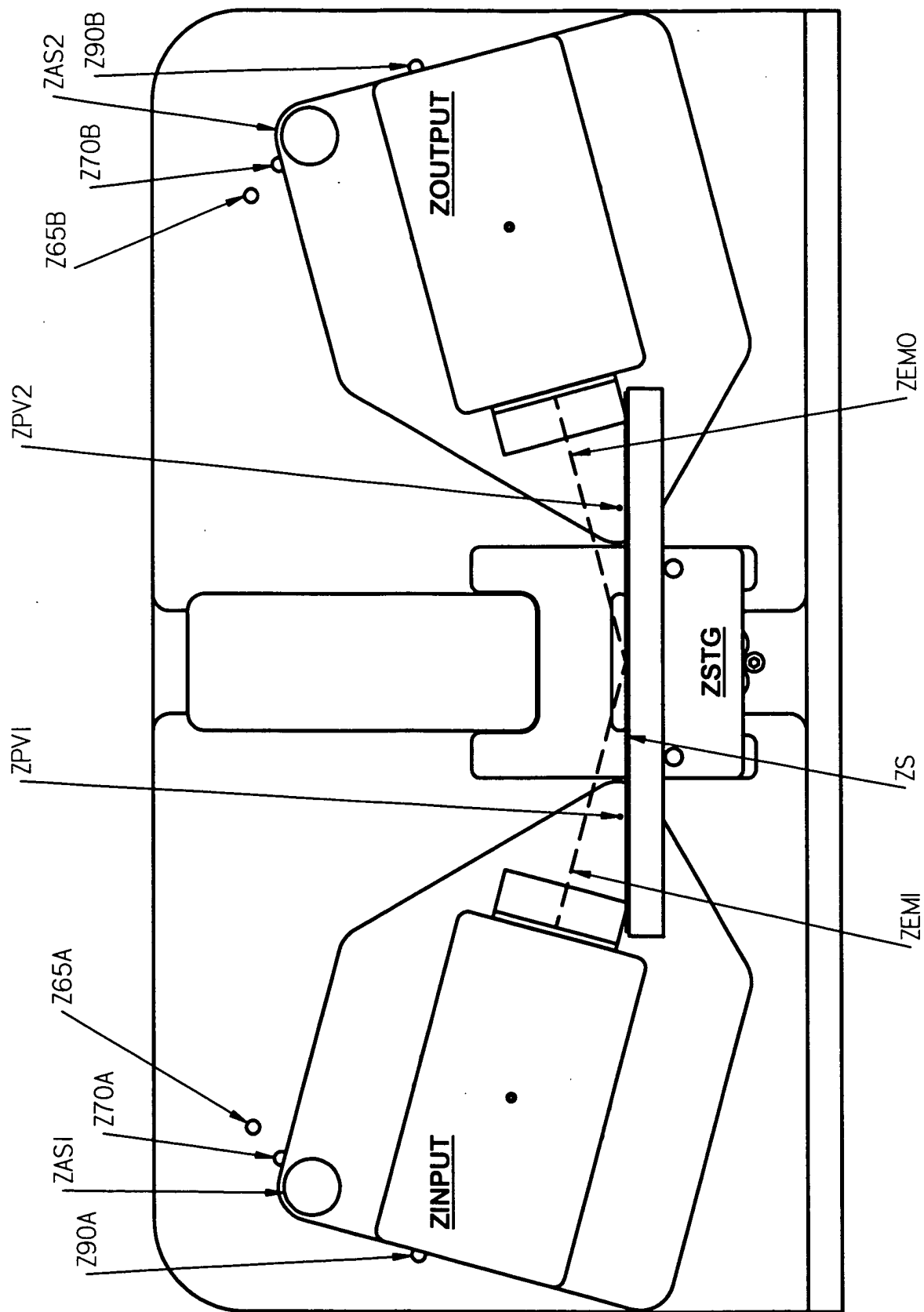


FIG. 7

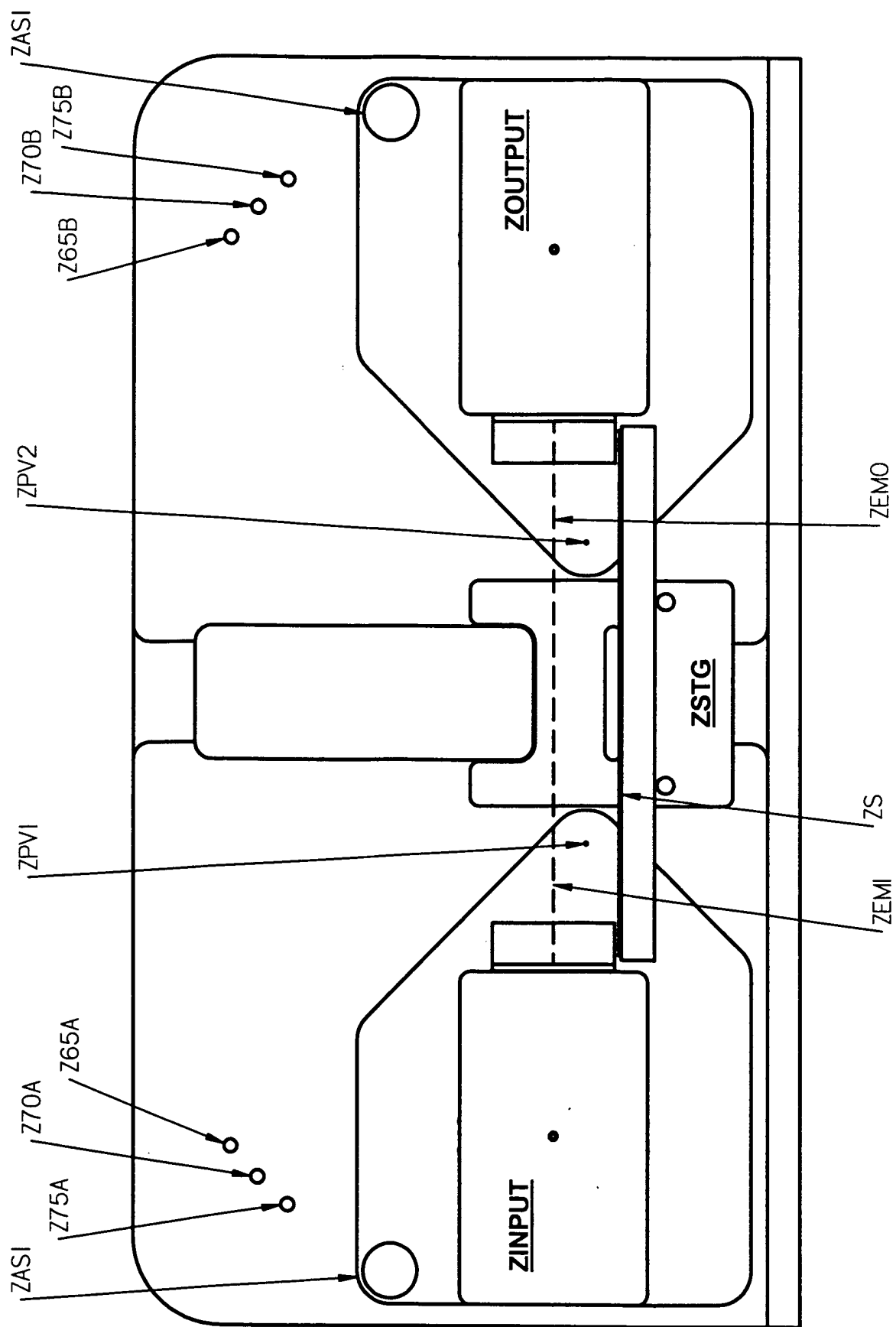


FIG. 8

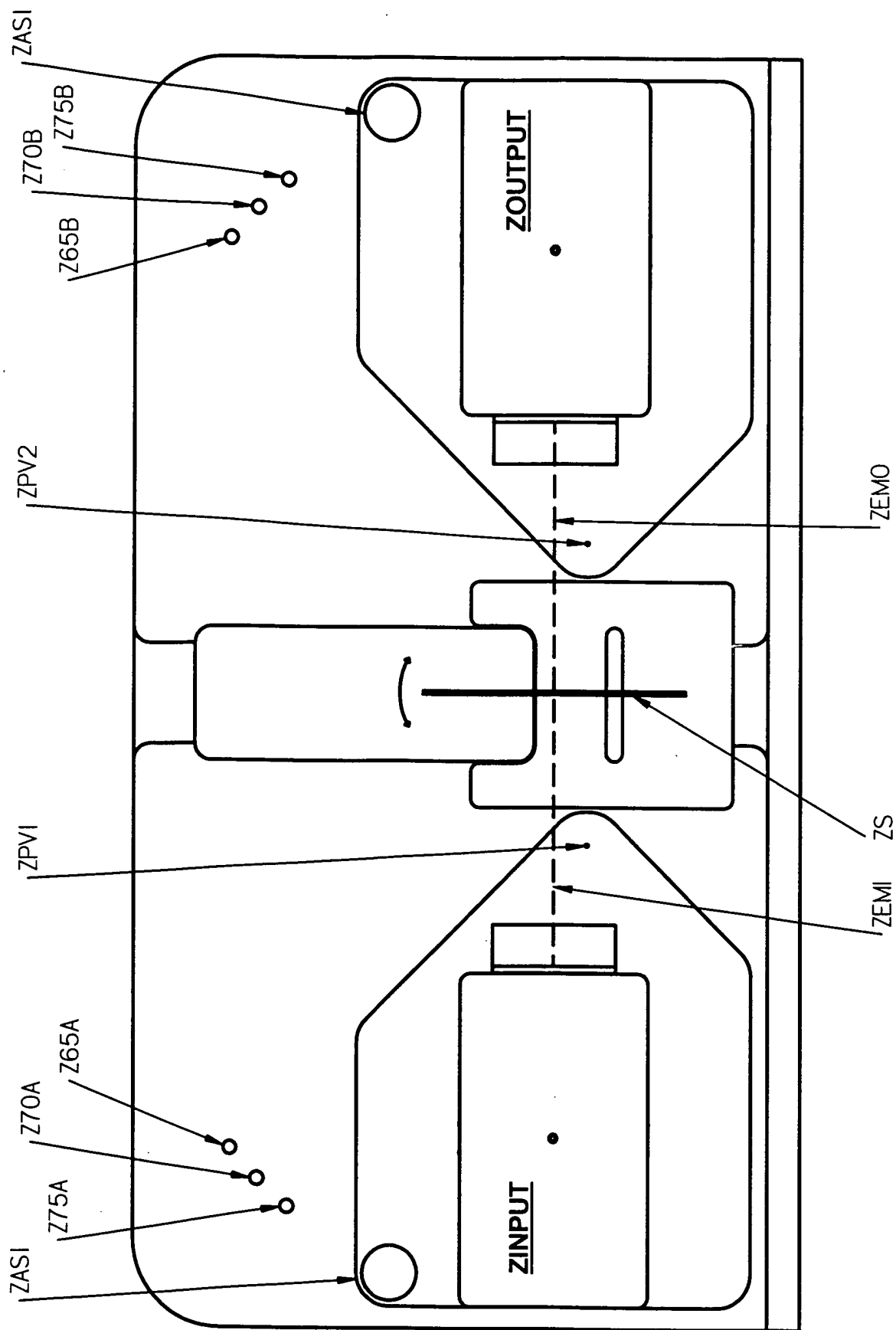


FIG. 9

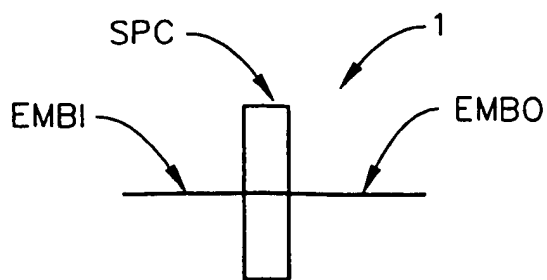


FIG. 10a

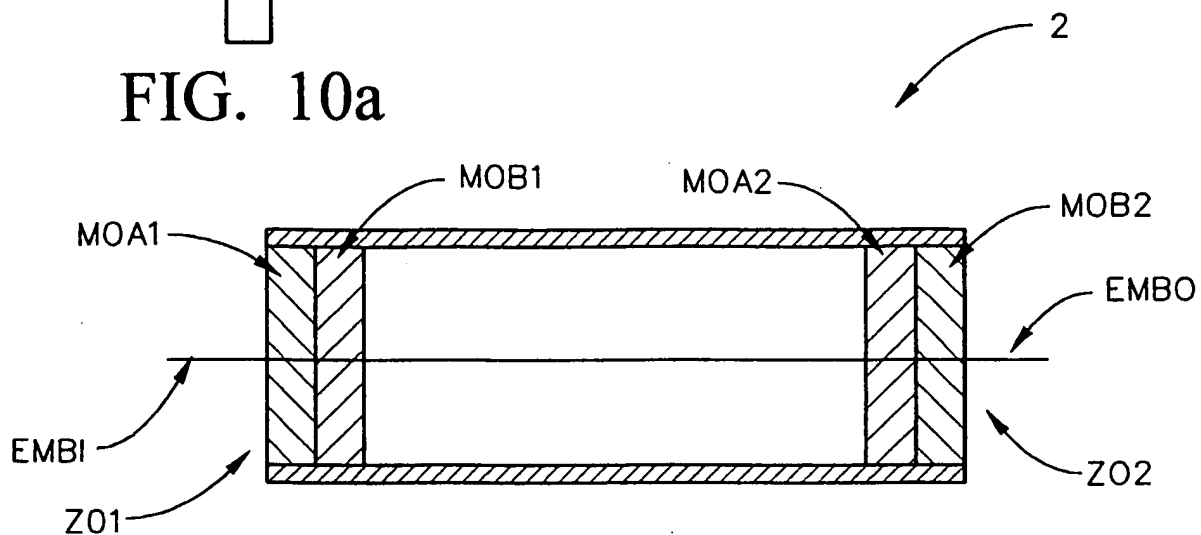


FIG. 10b

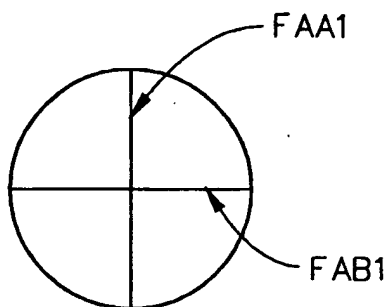


FIG. 10c

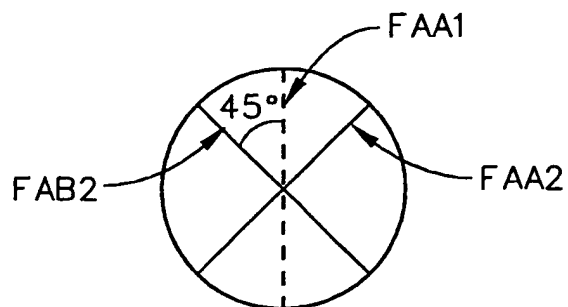


FIG. 10d

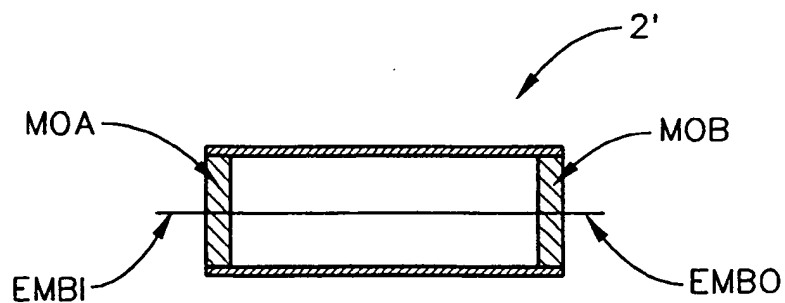
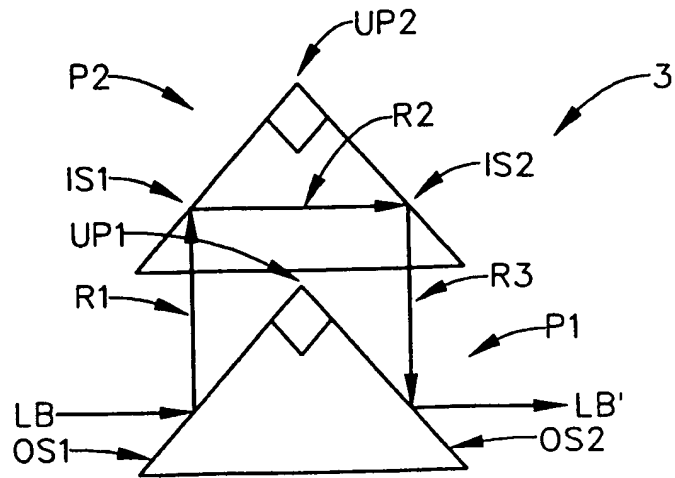
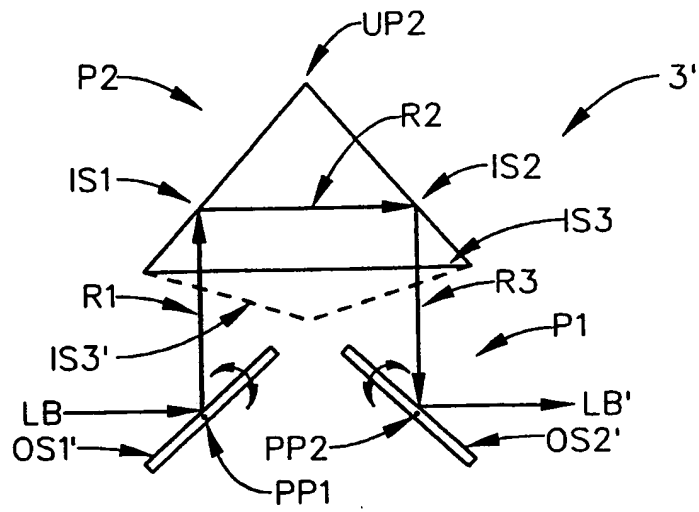


FIG. 10e



10f1



10f2

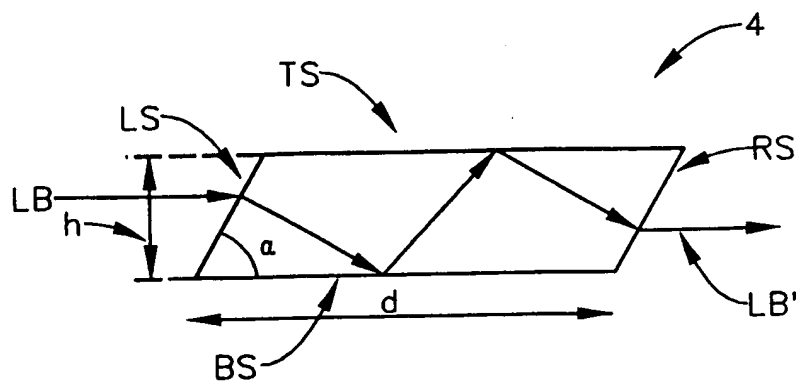


FIG. 10g

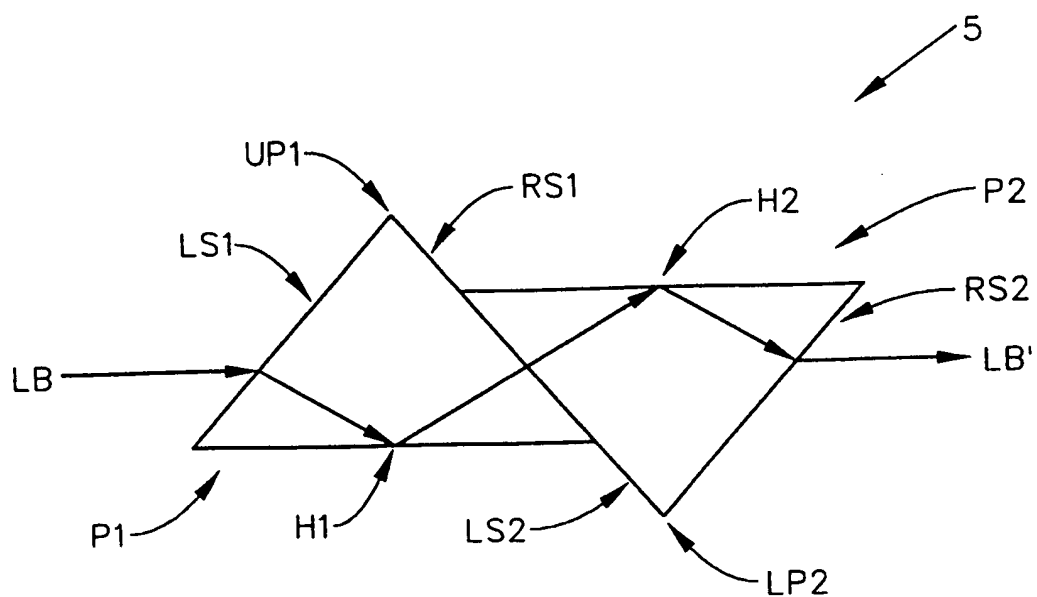


FIG. 10h

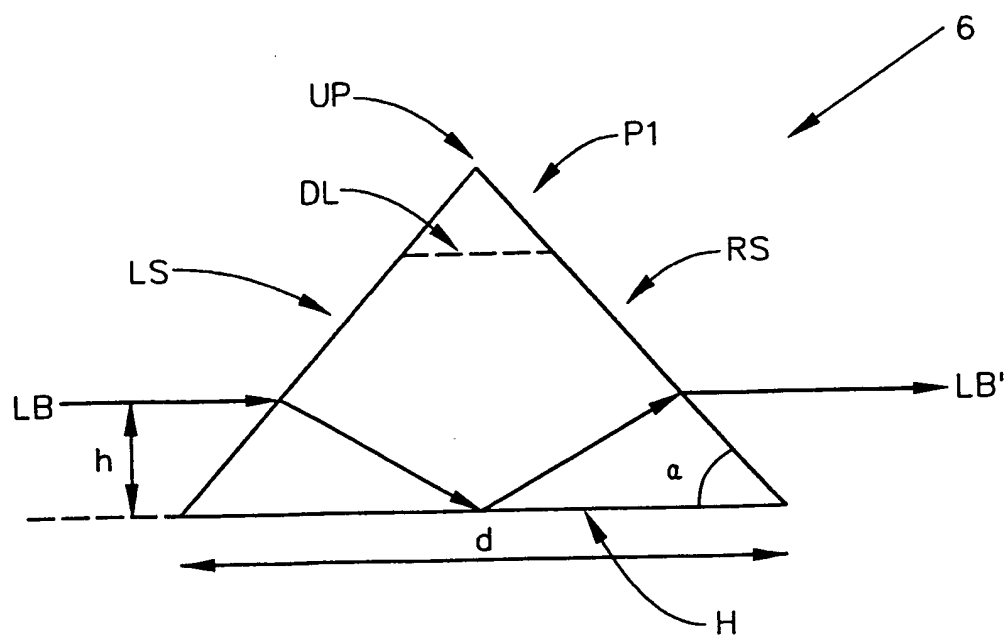


FIG. 10i

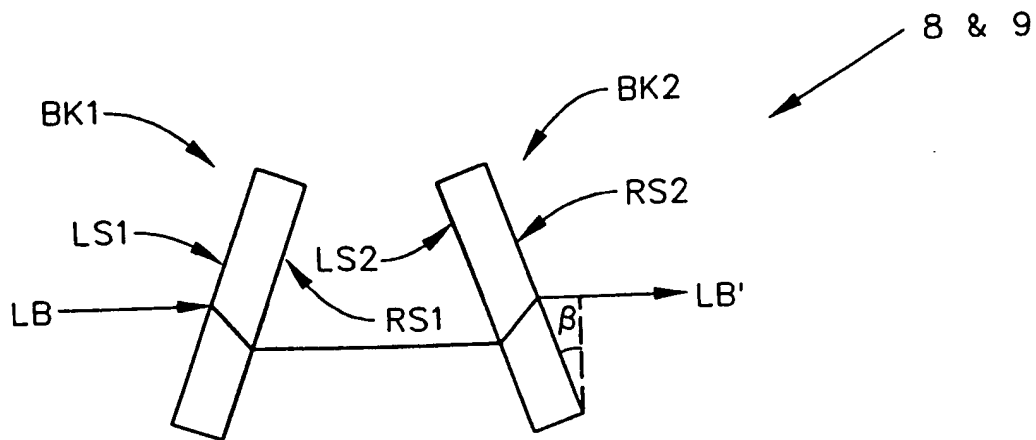


FIG10j1

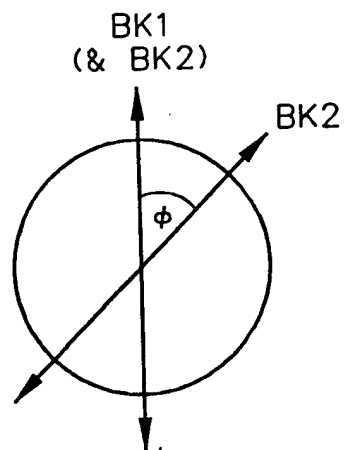


FIG. 10J2

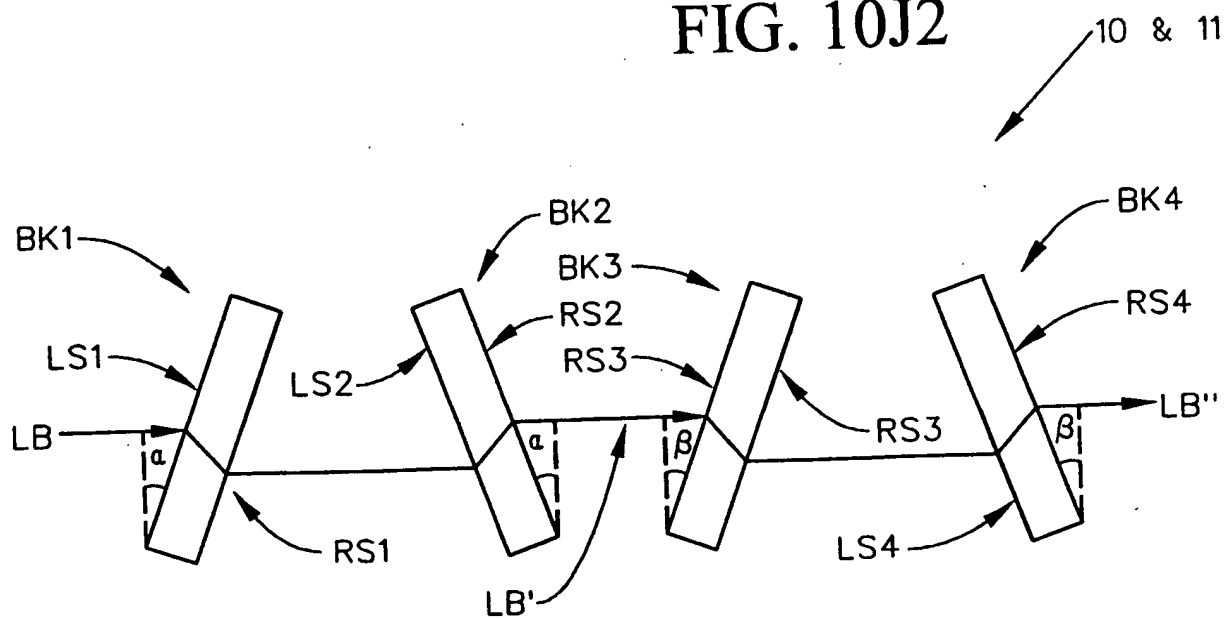


FIG. 10k1

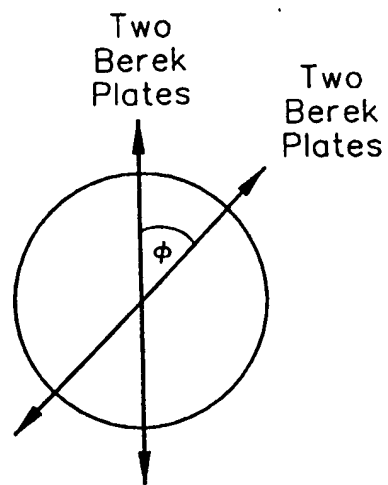


FIG. 10k2

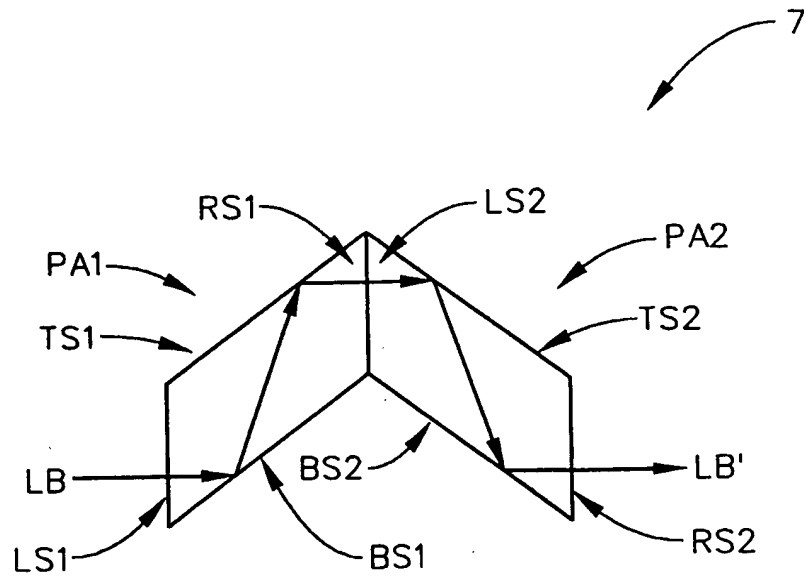


FIG. 10l

Providing a spectroscopic ellipsometer system comprising:
a source of polychromatic electromagnetic radiation;
a polarizer which remains fixed in position during data acquisition;
a stage for supporting a sample system;
an analyzer which remains fixed in position during data acquisition; and
a detector system;
said spectroscopic ellipsometer system further comprising at least one means for discretely, sequentially, progressively modifying a polarization state of a beam of electromagnetic radiation provided by said source of polychromatic electromagnetic radiation through a plurality of polarization states, said means being present at at least one location selected from the group consisting of:
between said polarizer and said stage for supporting a sample system; and
between said stage for supporting a sample system and said analyzer.

For each of at least two ellipsometrically distinguished sample systems, obtaining at least one multi-dimensional data set(s) comprising magnitude as a function of wavelength and a function of a plurality of discrete settings of said at least one means for discretely, sequentially, progressively modifying a polarization state of a beam of electromagnetic radiation provided by said source of polychromatic electromagnetic radiation.

Providing a mathematical model of the ellipsometer system, including provision for accounting for the settings of said at least one means for discretely, sequentially, progressively modifying a polarization state of a beam of electromagnetic radiation provided by said source of polychromatic electromagnetic radiation.

By simultaneous mathematical regression onto said data sets, evaluating parameters in said mathematical model, including polarization state changing aspects of each of said plurality of discrete settings of said at least one means for discretely, sequentially, progressively modifying a polarization state of a beam of electromagnetic radiation provided by said source of polychromatic electromagnetic radiation.

FIG. 11

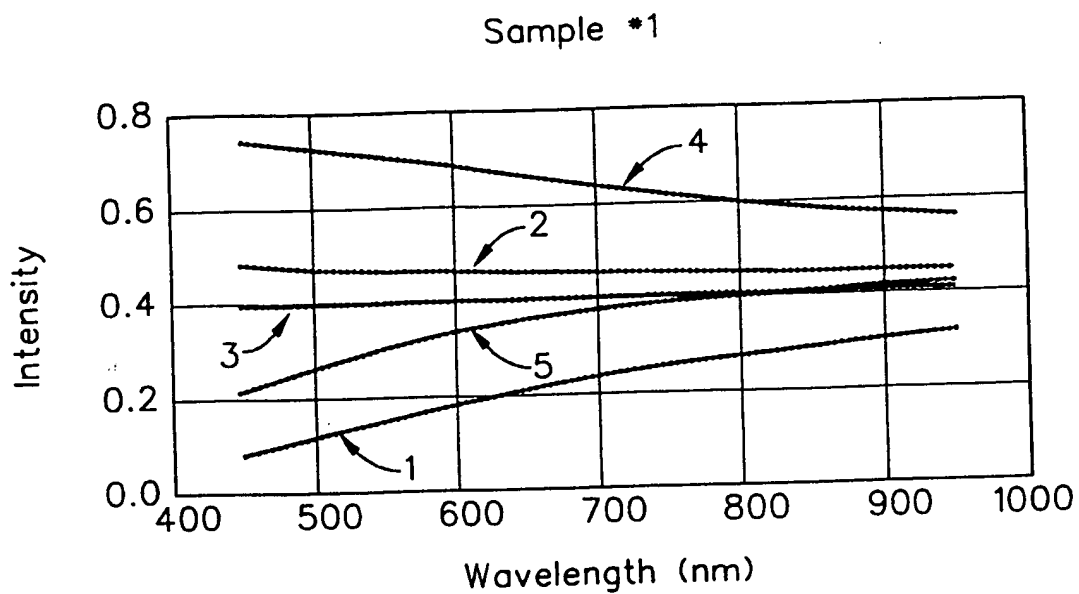


FIG. 12

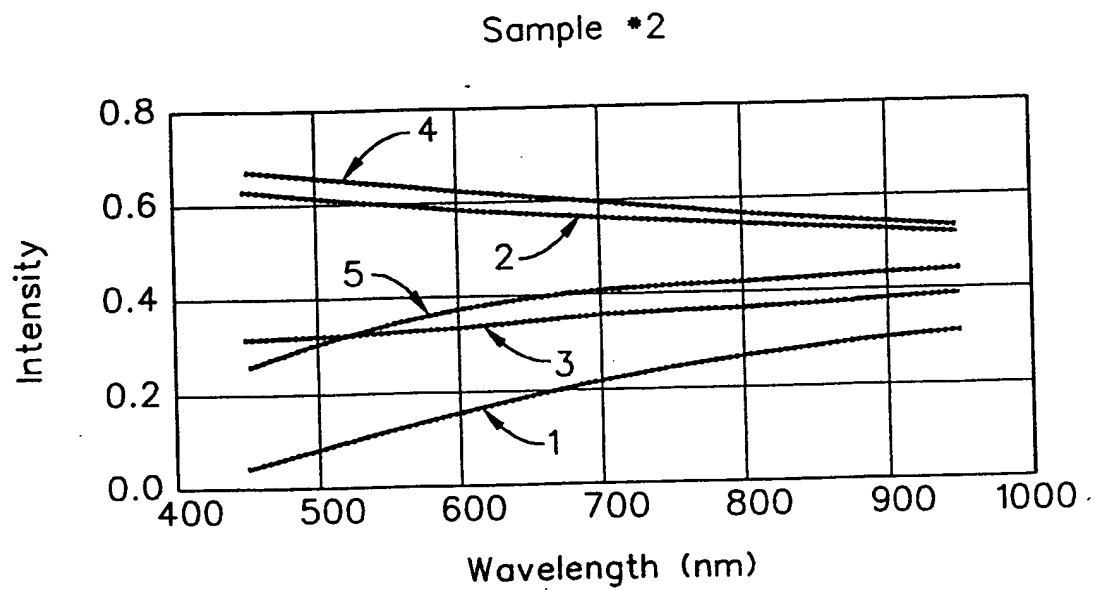


FIG. 13

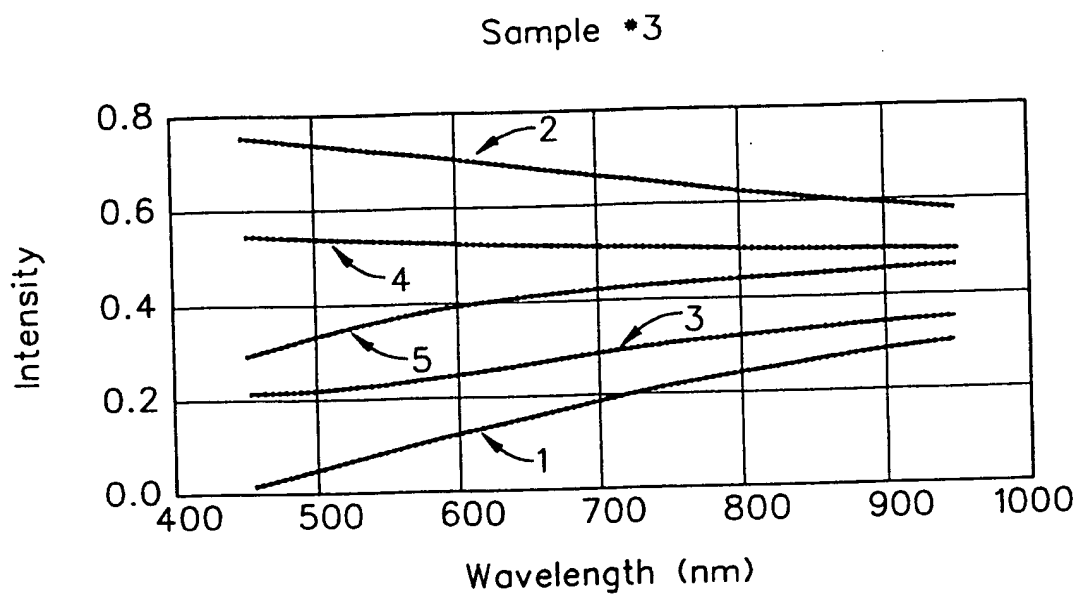


FIG. 14

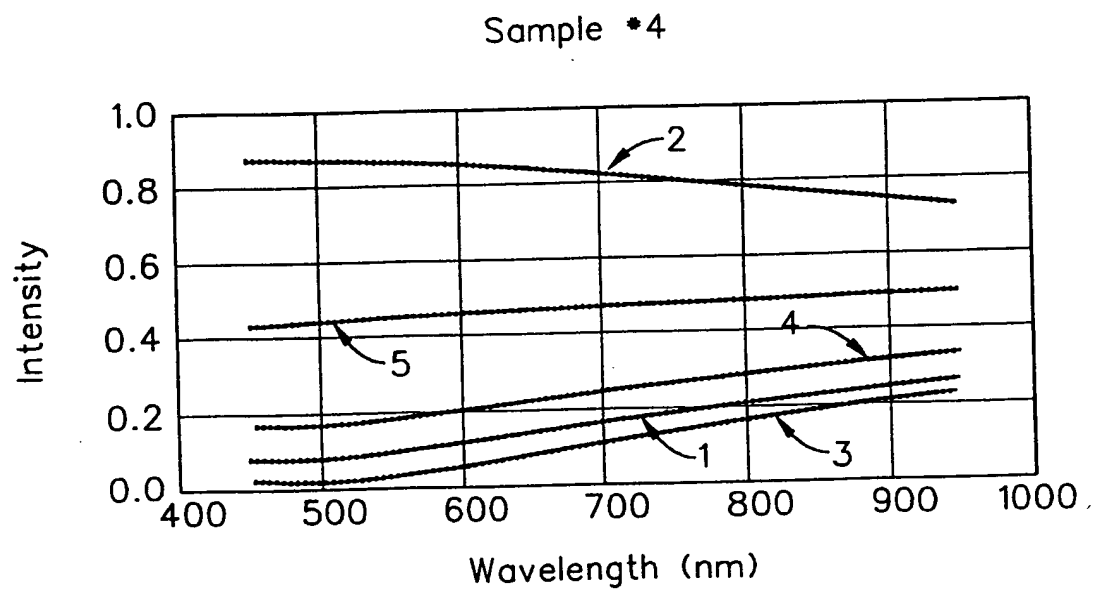


FIG. 15

Sample 5

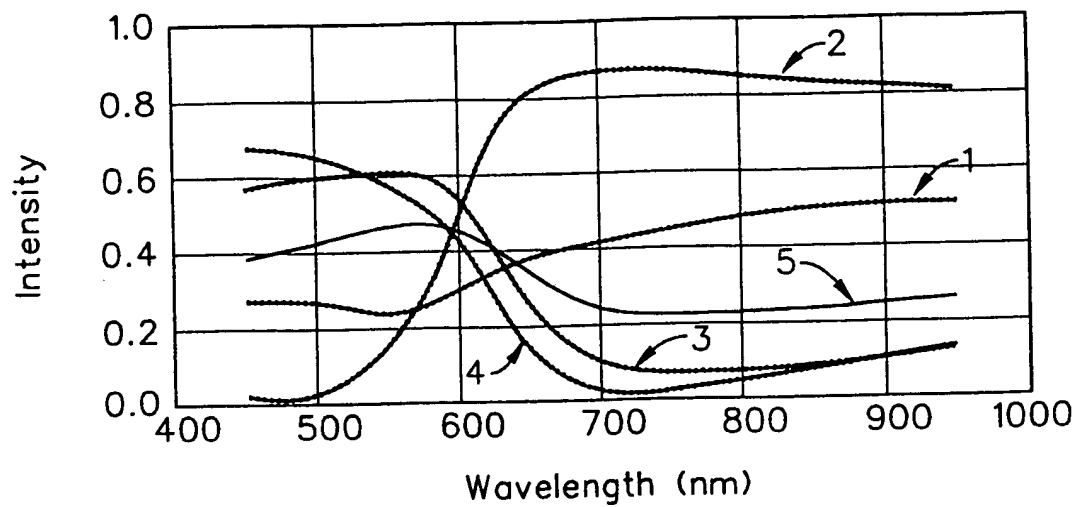


FIG. 16

Sample *7

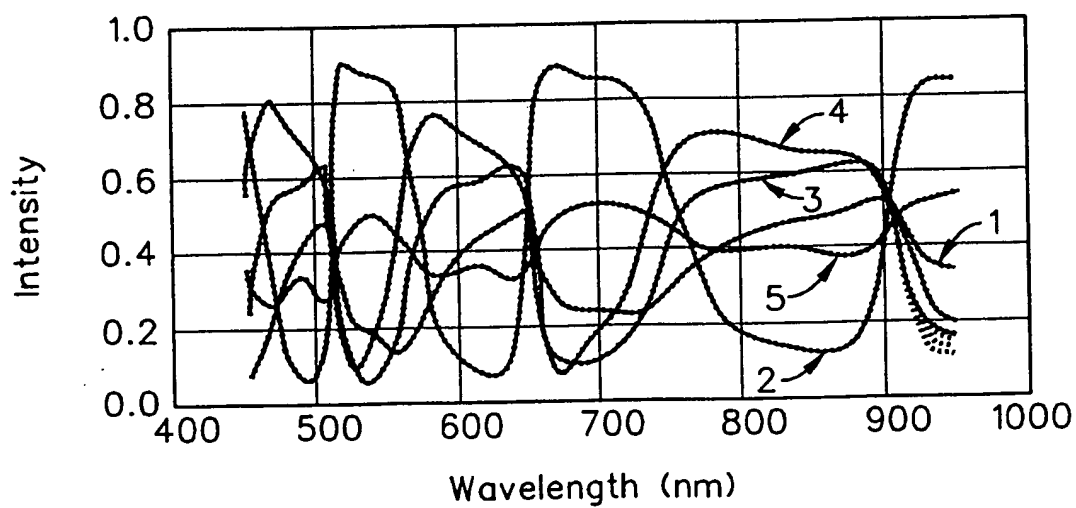


FIG. 17

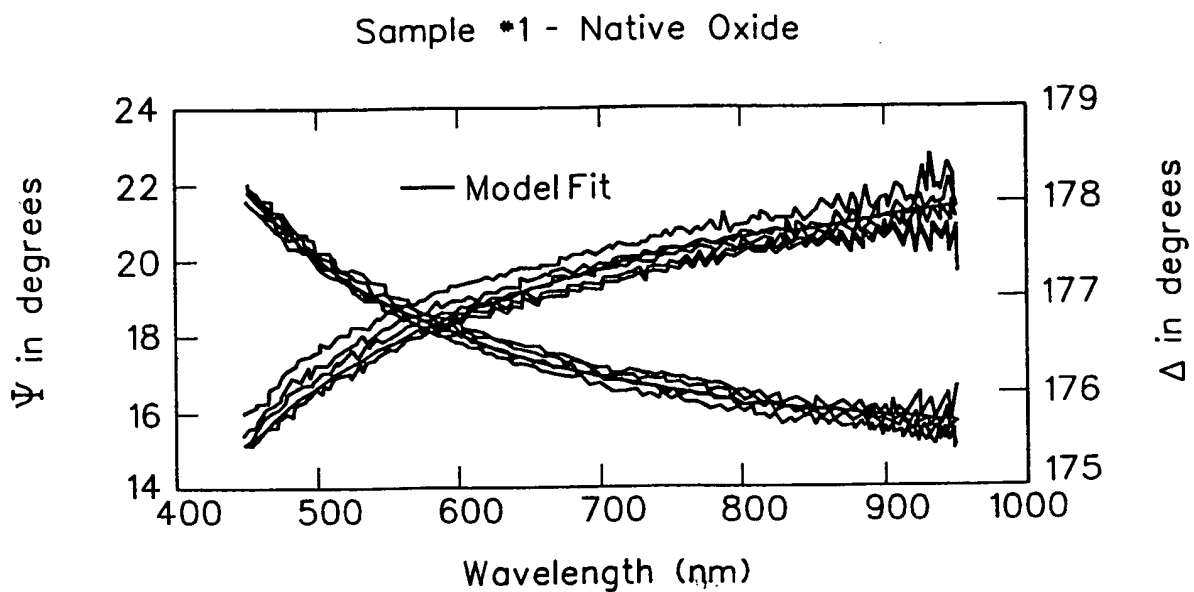


FIG. 19

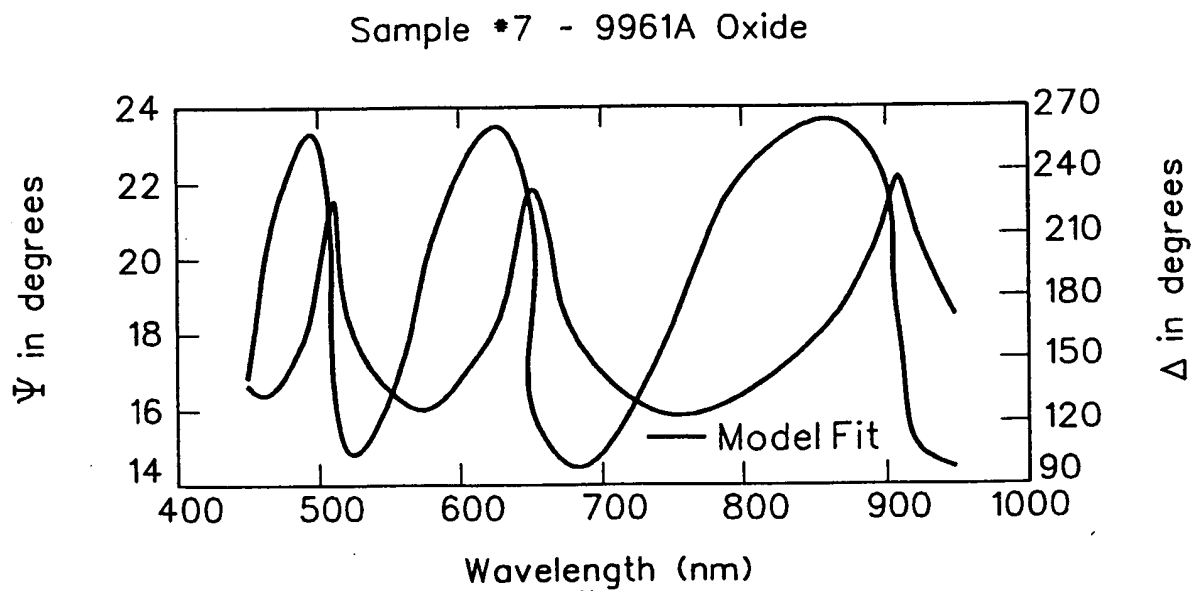


FIG. 20

Retardance Characteristics of Waveplates
used in Dual Element Compensator Design

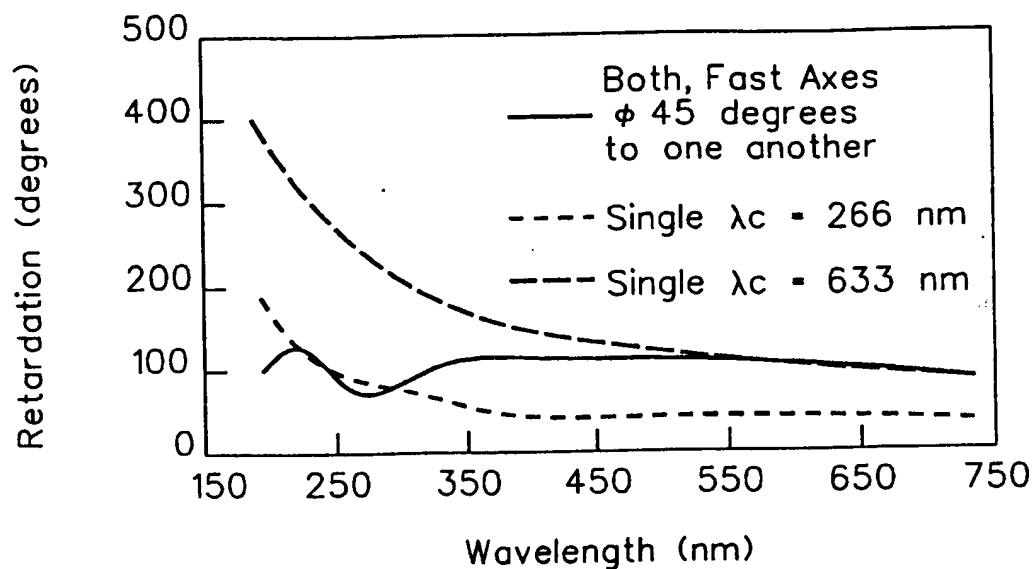


FIG. 22

Present Invention Dual Element Design
for $\lambda_c = 266, 633$ nm & $\phi = 45$ degrees

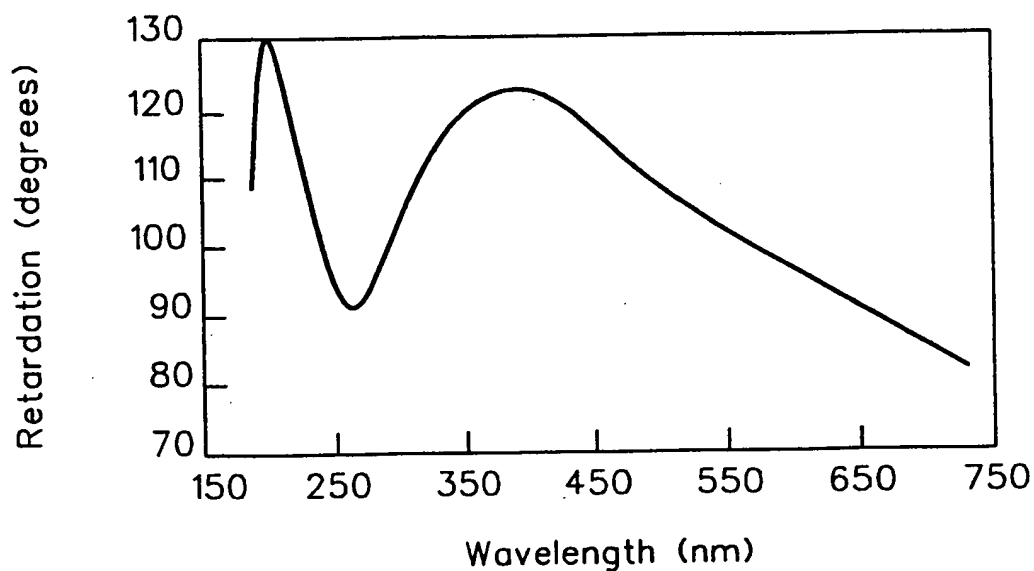


FIG. 23